1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Radionuclide Imaging (RI) is a technique-based subspecialty of diagnostic radiology that encompasses dynamic and static nuclear imaging of pathophysiologic processes, radiotracers, and quality control of nuclear imaging instruments.

1.2 Radionuclide Imaging contributes functional and morphologic information on the human body.

1.3 Its application should be in correlation with other organ imaging modalities (radiography, ultrasonography, computed tomography, etc.). Integration of the various imaging modalities is essential in the diagnostic process, including when and how to use RI in problem-solving of other imaging modalities.

1.4 Radionuclide Imaging as subspecialty training is built on the foundation of basic training obtained before the intermediate examination, with presumed general knowledge on nuclear physics, radiation dosimetry and radiopharmacology.

1.5 It is a Category B subspecialty.

2. OBJECTIVES

2.1 To be capable of interpreting and unifying information from all imaging studies to achieve the most specific diagnosis.

2.2 To understand the physiologic uptake mechanism and distribution of radiopharmaceutical in order to develop a proper interpretative approach of nuclear medicine images.

2.3 To understand the principles of RI in general and be able to apply appropriate data analysis and image reconstruction algorithm in case of SPECT studies.

2.4 To be able to make clinical management decision including but not limited to choice of radiopharmaceuticals, prescription of imaging protocols and special projection tailored for the pathology of interest.
2.5 To know when and how to use RI in problem-solving of other imaging modalities.

2.6 To develop communication and teaching skills.

2.7 To have opportunity and guidance for research.

2.8 To have appropriate professional attitude and motivation towards continuous professional development.

3. TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

3.1 TRAINING CENTER REQUIREMENTS

3.1.1 The pre-requisite is the presence of at least one gamma camera which has the capability in performing planar dynamic and static studies, whole body scan and SPECT acquisition. Without this, the arrangement of sufficient sessions or workload, and the pursuance of adequate RI knowledge will not be possible for both the trainees and trainers.

3.1.2 Ancillary facilities related to RI such as library and film museum should be available.

3.2 TRAINER REQUIREMENTS

3.2.1 The Trainer can be a Radiologist or nuclear medicine physician (with 2 years of continuous experience in RI following the award of FHKCR and currently practicing RI)

3.2.2 Trainer:trainee ratio of 1:1.

3.3 DURATION OF TRAINING

The subspecialty training can be taken in 6 months or in 3 months (brief training).

3.4 DUTY SESSIONS

Irrespective of the duration of training, a minimum of 5 sessions per week are required, including radiopharmaceuticals administration, interpretation of imaging findings and preparation of reports.
3.5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF EXAMINATIONS REQUIRED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Examination Category</th>
<th>RIS Coding</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cardiovascular and Pulmonary</td>
<td>9110-9199, 9810-9899</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endocrine</td>
<td>9220-9299</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nephrology and Urology</td>
<td>9420-9499</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hematology, Infection and Oncology</td>
<td>9510-9799</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skeletal</td>
<td>9910-9999</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neurology, GI and Hepatobiliary</td>
<td>9010-9099, 9301-9399’</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PET or PET/CT</td>
<td>9P10-9P99</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** Overall requirement: at least 400.

3.5.1 For 3 months of training, 50% of the above number in each category is the acceptable minimum.

3.6 CLINICAL RADIOLOGICAL CONFERENCES AND OTHER MEETINGS

3.6.1 Intradepartmental Nuclear Radiology case rounds should be held regularly at least once every fortnight, with trainee presenting cases for discussion. The trainee is expected to present and discuss the subspecialty materials in the meetings.

3.6.2 The trainee should also attend Clinico-Radiological meetings relevant to the practice of Radionuclide Imaging.

3.7 PRESENTATIONS AND PUBLICATIONS

Please refer to the General Guidelines in Higher Training.

3.8 OTHER REQUIREMENTS

3.8.1 The program should also encompass other academic activities, including audit and quality assurance activities, management of and contribution to film museum and teaching files in respect of RI cases.

3.8.2 Additional training in a local or overseas centre with clinical PET facilities is advisable.